



ARIZON

NEW MEXICO

OKLAHOMA

ARKANSAS

TENNESSEE

NORTH
CAROLINASOUTH
CAROLINA

B04006

PEOPLE REPORTING ANCESTRY

Universe: Total population

2013-2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

	Minnesota	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	5,490,726	*****
Afghan	439	+/-200
Albanian	511	+/-239
Alsatian	118	+/-80
American	180,697	+/-3,740
Arab:	22,107	+/-1,784
Egyptian	2,882	+/-653
Iraqi	1,231	+/-432
Jordanian	663	+/-402
Lebanese	7,600	+/-824
Moroccan	1,037	+/-296
Palestinian	952	+/-355
Syrian	1,903	+/-707
Arab	2,539	+/-517
Other Arab	3,800	+/-812
Armenian	1,486	+/-325
Assyrian/Chaldean/Syriac	106	+/-75
Australian	1,462	+/-260
Austrian	17,750	+/-985
Basque	334	+/-198
Belgian	14,810	+/-778
Brazilian	2,158	+/-404
British	17,792	+/-922
Bulgarian	1,806	+/-521
Cajun	350	+/-191
Canadian	7,845	+/-869
Carpatho Rusyn	221	+/-90
Celtic	453	+/-130
Croatian	9,112	+/-640
Cypriot	65	+/-50
Czech	91,927	+/-2,419
Czechoslovakian	11,149	+/-756
Danish	72,444	+/-2,011
Dutch	94,639	+/-2,024

	Minnesota	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Eastern European	7,886	+/-807
English	292,067	+/-3,710
Estonian	522	+/-146
European	72,693	+/-2,660
Finnish	98,055	+/-2,581
French (except Basque)	181,172	+/-3,265
French Canadian	55,633	+/-1,563
German	1,823,185	+/-8,643
German Russian	700	+/-191
Greek	11,078	+/-905
Guyanese	2,454	+/-528
Hungarian	13,293	+/-802
Icelander	3,755	+/-588
Iranian	3,063	+/-600
Irish	565,980	+/-5,174
Israeli	635	+/-288
Italian	127,663	+/-2,998
Latvian	2,486	+/-428
Lithuanian	5,409	+/-571
Luxemburger	5,314	+/-432
Macedonian	340	+/-153
Maltese	250	+/-91
New Zealander	267	+/-144
Northern European	10,946	+/-808
Norwegian	816,954	+/-5,730
Pennsylvania German	2,596	+/-406
Polish	250,781	+/-3,552
Portuguese	3,811	+/-496
Romanian	6,164	+/-705
Russian	40,695	+/-1,568
Scandinavian	82,154	+/-2,737
Scotch-Irish	27,435	+/-1,332
Scottish	66,372	+/-1,952
Serbian	4,864	+/-595
Slavic	2,904	+/-283
Slovak	7,534	+/-638
Slovene	9,359	+/-742
Soviet Union	3	+/-4
Subsaharan African:	141,488	+/-4,344
Cape Verdean	133	+/-94
Ethiopian	21,966	+/-2,202
Ghanaian	1,096	+/-294
Kenyan	4,277	+/-787
Liberian	11,358	+/-1,612
Nigerian	7,923	+/-1,193
Senegalese	205	+/-146
Sierra Leonean	378	+/-251
Somali	52,333	+/-3,314
South African	877	+/-241
Sudanese	2,781	+/-876
Ugandan	455	+/-247
Zimbabwean	351	+/-188
African	34,860	+/-2,484
Other Subsaharan African	5,961	+/-948
Swedish	434,411	+/-5,262
Swiss	20,531	+/-906
Turkish	2,075	+/-495
Ukrainian	16,747	+/-1,126
Welsh	23,392	+/-1,118

	Minnesota	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
West Indian (except Hispanic groups):	7,892	+/-869
Bahamian	218	+/-94
Barbadian	118	+/-90
Belizean	105	+/-66
Bermudan	22	+/-24
British West Indian	452	+/-200
Dutch West Indian	53	+/-37
Haitian	1,603	+/-423
Jamaican	3,585	+/-724
Trinidadian and Tobagonian	855	+/-282
U.S. Virgin Islander	73	+/-58
West Indian	897	+/-280
Other West Indian	99	+/-93
Yugoslavian	7,109	+/-913
Other groups	957,835	+/-6,136
Unclassified or not reported	783,594	+/-6,815

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2013-2017 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2013-2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.