



CBP/USACE Border Wall Status As of January 24, 2020

Overview - ~\$11.1 billion (approximately 576 total miles)

- As of January 24, 2020, U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) has 655 miles of primary barriers on the southwest border, including approximately 301 miles of pedestrian fencing and approximately 254 miles of vehicle barrier constructed prior to January 2017, as well as approximately 99 miles of new border wall system constructed in place of dilapidated and/or outdated designs and approximately 1 mile of new border wall system constructed in locations where no barriers previously existed. An additional 10 miles of new secondary border wall system have also been built since January 2017, bringing the total constructed to 110 miles.
- Since January 2017, over \$11 billion has been identified to construct approximately 576 miles of new border wall system through a combination of Department of Homeland Security (DHS) and Department of Defense (DoD) funding and the Treasury Forfeiture Fund (TFF). Funding received supports planning, design, real estate, environmental, construction and oversight activities. While construction of 175 miles of border wall system, undertaken with DoD's 10 U.S.C. § 2808 Military Construction funds, was delayed by an injunction, on January 8, 2020, the court granted a stay of the injunction, clearing the way for efforts to resume.
 - To date, approximately 110 miles of new border wall system have been constructed in place of dilapidated and outdated designs or in locations where no barriers previously existed.

New Primary Wall	New Secondary Wall	New Primary Wall	New Secondary Wall	Total
In locations where no barriers previously		In place of dilapidated and/or outdated		Total
existed		designs		
~234 miles	~57 miles	~273 miles	~12 miles	~576 miles

FY 2017 - \$341 million (~40 miles)

- \$292 million funded approximately 40 miles of new border wall system in place of dilapidated and outdated designs in the U.S. Border Patrol's (USBP) San Diego, El Centro, and El Paso Sectors.
 - Approximately 40 miles (~100%) have been completed to date. The final panel was installed on August 9, 2019.
- \$49 million funded 35 border wall gates in the Rio Grande Valley (RGV) Sector. Construction is underway.

FY 2018 - \$1.375 billion (~78 miles)

- \$1.375 billion funds up to 78 miles of new border wall system.
 - o Approximately 42 miles have been completed to date in multiple locations.
- Construction of approximately 12 miles of new secondary border wall system in place of dilapidated designs in San Diego began in February 2019 and is anticipated to be completed in 2020.
- Approximately 25 miles of new border wall and levee wall system is planned in the RGV Sector. Construction is underway in locations where no barriers previously existed:
 - Panel installation began in October 2019 for approximately 8 miles of new levee wall system and construction activities are underway for an additional approximately 5 miles of new levee wall system located in Hidalgo County, Texas. Estimated completion will depend on availability of real estate.
 - o 12 miles of new border wall system located in Starr County is planned for award in 2020 based on consultation with officials in locations specified by the FY 2019 appropriation language.
- Construction is underway for approximately 41 miles of new border wall system in place of dilapidated designs in Tecate and Calexico, California, and Yuma, Arizona. Construction started in April 2019 and is anticipated to be complete in 2020.

FY 2019 - \$1.976 billion (~85 miles)

• FY 2019 funding includes \$1.976 billion (\$1.375 billion appropriated and \$601 million TFF) for approximately 85 miles, including approximately 11 miles of new levee wall system and 74 miles of new

border wall system in the RGV Sector. Construction is taking place in locations where no barriers previously existed.

o Approximately 1 mile has been completed to date in multiple locations.

- On May 28, 2019, USACE awarded a contract to construct approximately three miles of new border wall system within RGV's Starr County, Texas. Panel installation began in November 2019 and is anticipated for completion in 2020.
- On August 7, 2019, USACE awarded a contract to construct approximately 11 miles of new levee wall system in three non-contiguous segments within RGV's Hidalgo County, Texas.
- On September 29, 2019, USACE awarded a contract to construct approximately 21 miles of new border wall system in five non-contiguous segments within RGV's Starr County, Texas.
- On September 29, 2019, USACE awarded a contract to construct approximately 22 miles of new border wall system in two non-contiguous segments within RGV's Starr & Hidalgo Counties, Texas.
- On September 29, 2019, USACE awarded a contract to construct approximately 22 miles of new border wall system in twelve non-contiguous segments within RGV's Cameron and Hidalgo Counties, Texas.
- On October 22, 2019, USACE awarded a contract to construct approximately 4 miles of new border wall system in four segments within RGV's Starr County, Texas.
- Based on the FY 2019 appropriation language, border wall construction will not take place within the Santa Ana National Wildlife Refuge, La Lomita Historical Park, Bentsen-Rio Grande Valley State Park, within or east of the Vista del Mar Ranch tract of the Lower Rio Grande Valley National Wildlife Refuge, or the National Butterfly Center.

FY 2020 - \$1.375 billion (~69 miles)

• FY 2020 funding includes \$1.375 billion for approximately 69 miles of new border wall system in the Laredo Sector in locations where no barriers currently exist.

DoD 10 U.S.C. § 284 Counter-Narcotics Funding - \$2.5 billion (up to ~129 miles)

- In FY 2019, DoD identified \$2.5 billion to assist DHS/CBP with the construction of approximately 129 miles of new border wall system, which is in place of dilapidated or outdated barriers within USBP's Yuma, El Paso, El Centro, and Tucson Sectors.
 - o Approximately 27 miles have been completed to date in multiple locations.
- To support DHS's actions to construct barriers and roads in areas of high illegal entry, DHS requested that DoD, pursuant to its authority under 10 U.S.C. § 284(b)(7), assist with construction of fences, roads, and lighting in the project areas to block drug smuggling corridors. DoD accepted DHS's request and will be responsible for the funding, planning and execution of these projects.
- Construction will be closely coordinated between DHS/CBP and DoD. CBP maintains the USBP operational requirements, is the lead agency for environmental compliance and is responsible for providing access to land.

DoD 10 U.S.C. § 2808 Military Construction Funding - \$3.6 billion (up to ~175 miles)

- In FY 2019, DoD identified \$3.6 billion in 10 U.S.C. § 2808 Military Construction funding that will be made available for emergency border wall system construction. Funding will support border wall system construction in high priority locations identified by USBP as operational priorities, totaling up to 175 miles in the San Diego, El Centro, Yuma, El Paso, and Laredo Sectors.
- On December 10, 2019, the United States District Court for the Western District of Texas issued an injunction halting construction of the 175 miles of border barrier undertaken by DoD using 10 U.S.C. § 2808 military construction funds. On January 8, 2020, the 5th Circuit Court of Appeals granted a stay of the injunction.
- On December 11, 2019, the United States District Court for the Northern District of California also issued an injunction finding that the United States did not satisfy the requirements of Section 2808. The court stayed the injunction, therefore this ruling is not currently impacting construction schedules for 2808 projects. However, the plaintiffs asked the Northern District of California and the Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit to lift the stay and allow the injunction to go into effect. The court has not yet ruled on the plaintiff's request.